**Conjunctions**  Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A conjunction is a joiner; a word that connects (conjoins) parts of a sentence

There are coordinating and subordinate conjunctions.

**Coordinating Conjunctions-a word which joins together two clauses which are both equally important Remember the song “Conjunction Junction, what's your function? Hooking up words and phrases and clauses.”**

These fabulous words are: for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so.

You need to have them MEMORIZED. Use this acronym to help.

 CC = **FANBOYS**

**Subordinate conjunction- A subordinate conjunction is a word used to introduce a** [**dependent clause**](http://funeasyenglish.com/american-english-grammar-dependent-clause.htm) **and show the relationship between the** [**independent clause**](http://funeasyenglish.com/american-english-grammar-independent-clause.htm) **and the** [**dependent clause**](http://funeasyenglish.com/american-english-grammar-dependent-clause.htm)**. It also turns the clause into something that depends on the rest of the sentence for its meaning.**

SOME subordinating conjunctions are:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| AfterAlthoughAsBecausebeforeEven ifEven though IfIf onlyIn order that | Now thatOnceProvided thatRather thanSinceSo thatThanThat ThoughTill | UnlessUntilWhenWheneverWhereWhereasWherever WhetherWhile why |

**Relative pronouns- A relative pronoun relates to another noun preceding it in the sentence. In doing so, it connects a dependent clause to an antecedent (i.e., a noun that precedes the pronoun.) Therefore, a relative pronoun acts as the subject or object of the dependent clause.**

SOME common relative pronouns are: (The Four Witches with their friend T)

Whose Who Whom Which That\*